



Aclet Close Nursery School

Fundamental British Values in the Early Years

The fundamental British values of democracy, rule of law, individual liberty, mutual respect and tolerance for those with different faiths and beliefs are implicitly embedded in the Early Years Foundation Stage framework.

Separately, the Counter Terrorism and Security Act also places a duty on early years providers “to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism” (the Prevent duty).

Statutory guidance on the duty is available at:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance>.

At Aclet Close Nursery School we already focus on children’s Personal, Social and Emotional development. The Early Years Foundation Stage framework supports us to do this in age appropriate way through ensuring that children learn right from wrong, mix and share with other children and value each other’s views, know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and challenge negative attitudes and stereotypes.

Typical examples of practice

Democracy: making decisions together

As part of the focus on self-confidence and self-awareness as cited in Personal, Social and Emotional Development:

- Staff encourage children to see their role in the bigger picture, encouraging children to know their views count, value each other’s views and values and talk about their feelings, for example, when they do or do not need help. When appropriate they demonstrate democracy in action, for example, children sharing views on what the theme of their role play area could be with a show of hands.
- Staff support the decisions that children make and provide activities that involve turn-taking, sharing and collaboration. Children are given opportunities to develop enquiring minds in an atmosphere where questions are valued.

Rule of law: understanding rules matter as cited in Personal Social and Emotional development

As part of the focus on managing feelings and behaviour:

- Staff ensure that children understand their own and others' behaviour and its consequences, and learn to distinguish right from wrong.
- Staff collaborate with children to create the rules and the codes of behaviour, for example, to agree the rules about tidying up and ensure that all children understand rules apply to everyone.

Individual liberty: freedom for all

As part of the focus on self-confidence & self-awareness and people & communities as cited in Personal Social and Emotional development and Understanding the World:

- Children develop a positive sense of themselves. Staff provide opportunities for children to develop their self-knowledge, self-esteem and increase their confidence in their own abilities, for example, through allowing children to take risks on an obstacle course, mixing colours, talking about their experiences and learning.
- Staff encourage a range of experiences that allow children to explore the language of feelings and responsibility, reflect on their differences and understand we are free to have different opinions, for example, in a small group discuss what they feel about transferring into Reception Class.

Mutual respect and tolerance: treat others as you want to be treated

As part of the focus on People and communities, Managing feelings & behaviour and Making relationships as cited in Personal Social and Emotional development and Understanding the World:

- We create an ethos of inclusivity and tolerance where views, faiths, cultures and races are valued and children are engaged with the wider community.
- Staff promote a tolerance and appreciation of and respect for their own and other cultures; know about similarities and differences between themselves and others and among families, faiths, communities, cultures and traditions and share and discuss practices, celebrations and experiences.
- Staff encourage and explain the importance of tolerant behaviours such as sharing and respecting other's opinions.
- Staffs promote diverse attitudes and challenge stereotypes, for example, sharing stories that reflect and value the diversity of children's experiences and providing resources and activities that challenge gender, cultural and racial stereotyping.

What is not acceptable:

- actively promoting intolerance of other faiths, cultures and races
- failure to challenge gender stereotypes and routinely segregating girls and boys
- isolating children from their wider community
- failure to challenge behaviours (whether of staff, children or parents) that are not in line with the fundamental British values of democracy, rule of law, individual liberty, mutual respect and tolerance for those with different faiths and beliefs

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Prevent training:

<https://www.elearning.prevent.homeoffice.gov.uk/la2/screen1.html>

